

Safety Data Sheet (SDS) Kerosene

Revision Date: 02/12/2022

1. Identification					
1.1. Product identifier Product Identity	Kerosene				
Alternate Names	1K Kerosene; K1; K-1; Kerosene 15PPM; Low Sulfur Kerosene; No. 1 Diesel; No. 1 , Heating Oil, Kerosene				
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against Intended use Fuel					
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety da	ta sheet				
Company Name	Guttman Energy, Inc. 200 Speers Street Belle Vernon, PA 15012 United States www.guttmanenergy.com safety@guttmangroup.com				
Emergency					
24 hour Emergency Telephone No.	1-800-535-5053 - INFOTRAC				

2. Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Customer Service: Guttman Energy, Inc.

Flam. Liq. 3;H226 Carc. 2;H351 Asp. Tox. 1;H304 Aquatic Chronic 2;H411 **2.2. Label elements** Flammable liquid and vapor. Suspected of causing cancer. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

[Prevention]

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

P210 Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources - No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground, bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, light, equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves, eye protection, face protection.

[Response]

P301+310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER, doctor or physician.

P303+361+353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove, take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water, shower.

P308+313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P370+378 In case of fire: Use extinguishing media listed in section 5 of SDS for extinction.

P391 Collect spillage.

[Storage]

P403+235 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

[Disposal]

P501 Dispose of contents or container in accordance with local and national regulations.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

This product contains the following substances that present a hazard within the meaning of the relevant State and Federal Hazardous Substances regulations.

Ingredient/Chemical Designations	Weight %	GHS Classification	Notes
Kerosene (petroleum) CAS Number: 0008008-20-6	100	Asp. Tox. 1;H304	
Naphthalene CAS Number: 0000091-20-3		Carc. 2;H351 Acute Tox. 4;H302 Aquatic Acute 1;H400 Aquatic Chronic 1;H410	

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret. *PBT/vPvB - PBT-substance or vPvB-substance.

The full texts of the phrases are shown in Section 16.

Section 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

General	In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.				
Inhalation	Remove to fresh air, keep patient warm and at rest. If breathing is irregular or stopped, give artificial respiration. If unconscious, place in the recovery position and obtain immediate medical attention. Give nothing by mouth.				
Eyes	Irrigate copiously with clean water for at least 15 minutes, holding the eyelids apart and seek medical attention.				
Skin	Remove contaminated clothing. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use a recognized skin cleanser.				
Ingestion	If swallowed obtain immediate medical attention. Keep at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.				
4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed					
Overview	Possible cancer hazard. Contains an ingredient which may cause cancer based on animal data (See Section 3 and Section 15 for each ingredient). Risk of cancer depends on				

duration and level of exposure.

Treat symptomatically. Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage. Check section 2.2 (GHS Label Elements) for further details.

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable Extinguishing Media • CAUTION: For mixtures containing a high percentage of an alcohol or polar solvent, alcohol-resistant foam may be more effective.

SMALL FIRES: Dry chemical, CO2, water spray or alcohol-resistant foam. LARGE FIRES: Water spray, fog or alcohol-resistant foam.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media • Avoid using direct water stream.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous decomposition: High temperatures and fires may produce such toxic substances as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Keep away from heat, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources - No smoking.

Keep container tightly closed.

Ground, bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, light, equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

5.3. Advice for fire-fighters

As with all fires, wear positive pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus, (SCBA) with a full face piece and protective clothing. Persons without respiratory protection should leave area. Wear SCBA during clean-up immediately after fire. No smoking.

HIGHLY FLAMMABLE: Will be easily ignited by heat, sparks or flames. Containers may explode when heated. Many liquids are lighter than water. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Most vapors are heavier than air. They will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Vapor explosion hazard indoors, outdoors or in sewers. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

Move containers from fire area if you can do it without risk. Wear positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA). Structural firefighters' protective clothing provides limited protection in fire situations ONLY; it is not effective in spill situations where direct contact with the substance is possible. Wear chemical protective clothing that is specifically recommended by the manufacturer. It may provide little or no thermal protection.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see section 8).

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow spills to enter drains or waterways.

Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if you can do it without risk. Absorb or cover with dry earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers. Use clean non-sparking tools to collect absorbed material. A vapor suppressing foam may be used to reduce vapors. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded.

LARGE SPILLS: Dike far ahead of spill for later disposal.

LARGE SPILLS: Water spray may reduce vapor; but may not prevent ignition in closed spaces.

Section 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Handle containers carefully to prevent damage and spillage.

Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame. Do not use sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static charges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Do not breathe mist, vapors and/or spray. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or clothing. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment, avoid direct contact. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, or using tobacco..

Check section 2.2 (GHS Label Elements) for further details. - [Prevention]

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in a tightly closed container. Store in a cool/low-temperature, well-ventilated place.

Incompatible materials: Strong oxidizing agents and acids.

Check section 2.2 (GHS Label Elements) for further details. - [Storage]

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No data available.

Section 8. Exposure controls / personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure					
CAS No.	Value				
0000091-20-3	Naphthalene	OSHA	TWA 10 ppm (50 mg/m3) STEL 15 ppm		
		ACGIH	TWA: 10 ppm STEL: 15 ppm		
		NIOSH	TWA 10 ppm (50 mg/m3) STEL: 15 ppm (75 mg/m3)		
0008008-20-6	Kerosene (petroleum)	OSHA	No Established Limit		
		ACGIH	TWA: 200 mg/m3		
		NIOSH	TWA 100 mg/m3		

8.2. Exposure controls	
Respiratory	If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit they must use the appropriate, certified respirators.
Eyes	Protective safety glasses recommended
Skin	Protective gloves recommended.
Engineering Controls	Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and any vapor below occupational exposure limits suitable respiratory protection must be worn.
Other Work Practices	Use good personal hygiene practices. Wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or using toilet. Promptly remove soiled clothing and wash thoroughly before reuse.
Check section 2.2 (GHS	Label Elements) for further details.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance Odor Odor threshold pH Melting point / freezing point Initial boiling point and boiling range Flash Point Evaporation rate (Ether = 1) Flammability (solid, gas) Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Vapor pressure (Pa) Vapor Density Relative Density Solubility in Water Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature Viscosity (cSt) Volatility/Vol (%) Volatility/Vol (%) Volatile by Weight 9.2. Other information No other relevant information.

Color: Various colors, Note: red dye is added to nontaxable fuel. Physical State: Liquid Not Available Not determined Not Measured Not Measured 300 to 617 °F(148.8889 to 325 °C) > 96 °F(> 35.5556 °C) Not Measured Not Applicable Lower Explosive Limit: 0.7 % **Upper Explosive Limit:** 7 % Not Measured > 1 Air=1 0.775 to 0.84 Water=1 Not Measured Not Measured Not Measured Not Measured Not Measured > 98 % > 98 %

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Hazardous Polymerization will not occur.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal circumstances.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Excessive heat and open flame.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents and acids.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

High temperatures and fires may produce such toxic substances as carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Exposure to solvent vapor concentrations from the component solvents in excess of the stated occupational exposure limits may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms include headache, nausea, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dryness, irritation and possible non-allergic contact dermatitis. Solvents may also be absorbed through the skin. Splashes of liquid in the eyes may cause irritation and soreness with possible reversible damage.

Note: When no route specific LD50 data is available for an acute toxin, the converted acute toxicity point estimate was used in the calculation of the product's ATE (Acute Toxicity Estimate).

Ingredient	Oral LD50, mg/kg	Skin LD50, mg/kg	Inhalation Vapor LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Dust/Mist LC50, mg/L/4hr	Inhalation Gas LC50, ppm
Kerosene (petroleum) - (8008-20-6)	> 5,000.00, Rat - Category: NA	>2,000.00, Rabbit - Category: 5	No data available	No data available	No data available
Naphthalene - (91-20-3)	490.00, Rat - Category: 4	20,000.00, Rabbit - Category: NA	No data available	No data available	No data available

Carcinogen Data

CAS No.	Ingredient	Source	Value			
0000091-20-3	Naphthalene	OSHA				
		NTP				
		IARC	Group 1: No	o; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: Yes; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;		
		ACGIH	A3			
0008008-20-6	Kerosene (petroleum)	OSHA	A Regulated Carcinogen: No;			
		NTP	Known: No;	Known: No; Suspected: No;		
		IARC	Group 1: No; Group 2a: No; Group 2b: No; Group 3: No; Group 4: No;			
		ACGIH	ACGIH A3			
Classification		Ca	tegory	Hazard Description		
Acute toxicity	y (oral)			Not Applicable		
Acute toxicity	y (dermal)			Not Applicable		
Acute toxicity (inhalation)			Not Applicable			
Skin corrosio	on/irritation			Not Applicable		
Serious eye damage/irritation			Not Applicable			

Respiratory sensitization		Not Applicable		
Skin sensitization		Not Applicable		
Germ cell mutagenicity		Not Applicable		
Carcinogenicity	2	Suspected of causing cancer.		
Reproductive toxicity		Not Applicable		
STOT-single exposure		Not Applicable		
STOT-repeated exposure		Not Applicable		
Aspiration hazard Not Applicable		Not Applicable		
Section 12. Ecological information				

12.1. Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

No additional information provided for this product. See Section 3 for chemical specific data.

Aquatic Ecotoxicity

Ingredient	96 hr LC50 fish, mg/l	48 hr EC50 crustacea, mg/l	ErC50 algae, mg/l
Kerosene (petroleum) - (8008-20-6)	5.00, Oncorhynchus mykiss	1.40, Daphnia magna	3.00 (72 hr), Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata
Naphthalene - (91-20-3)	0.99, Oncorhynchus gorbuscha	1.60, Daphnia magna	68.21 (96 hr), Scenedesmus subspicatus

12.2. Persistence and degradability

There is no data available on the preparation itself.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Not Measured

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This product contains no PBT/vPvB chemicals.

12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Observe all federal, state and local regulations when disposing of this substance.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT (Domestic Surface Transportation)	IMO / IMDG (Ocean Transportation)	ICAO/IATA			
14.1. UN number	UN1993	UN1993	UN1993			
14.2. UN proper	UN1993, Flammable liquids, n.o.s.,	Flammable liquids, n.o.s.,	Flammable liquids, n.o.s.,			
shipping name	(Kerosene, Combustible liquid), 3, I	II (Kerosene, Combustible liquid) (Kerosene, Combustible liquid)			
14.3. Transport	DOT Hazard Class: 3	IMDG: 3	Air Class: 3			
hazard class(es)	Sub Class: Not Applicable	Sub Class: Not Applicable	Sub Class: Not Applicable			
14.4. Packing group	III	III	III			
14.5. Environmental hazards						
IMDG Marine Pollutant: Yes; (Naphthalene)						
14.6. Special pred	cautions for user Not Applicable					

Section 15. Regulatory information

Regulatory Overview The regulatory data in Section 15 is not intended to be all-inclusive, only selected regulations are represented.

Toxic SubstanceAll components of this material are either listed or exempt from listing on the TSCAControl Act (TSCA)Inventory.

EPCRA 302 Extremely Hazardous:

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

EPCRA 313 Toxic Chemicals:

Ethylbenzene Naphthalene

Proposition 65 - Carcinogens (>0.0%):

Ethylbenzene

Naphthalene

Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute.

Proposition 65 - Female Repro Toxins (>0.0%):

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute. **Proposition 65 - Male Repro Toxins (>0.0%):**

To the best of our knowledge, there are no chemicals at levels which require reporting under this statute. **Proposition 65 Label Warning:**



WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including [Ethylbenzene, Naphthalene], which are known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Section 16. Other information

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The information and recommendations contained herein are based upon data believed to be correct. However, no guarantee or warranty of any kind, expressed or implied, is made with respect to the information contained herein. We accept no responsibility and disclaim all liability for any harmful effects which may be caused by exposure to our products. Customers/users of this product must comply with all applicable health and safety laws, regulations, and orders.

The full text of the phrases appearing in section 3 is:

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Prepared By Quantum Compliance Revision Notes: Revision Date:February, 12, 2022 Previous Publish Date: November 23, 2015 Revised Sections: The following sections have been updated: Section 1 to 16

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